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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/509,428	06/09/2000	MATS LEIJON	705/72341-2	9546
22850	7590	03/18/2004	EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			MULLINS, BURTON S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2834	

DATE MAILED: 03/18/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/509,428

Applicant(s)

LEIJON ET AL.

Examiner

Burton S. Mullins

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 May 2002.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Suspension of Action

1. This action is a response to applicant's request for continued prosecution (CPA) filed May 28, 2002. Pursuant to the Board of Appeal's final decision regarding U.S. Application No. 08/973,019, suspension has been lifted. As set forth in the decision on petition requesting suspension, the instant application was granted a suspension pending the decision on appeal of the '019 application. On November 27, 2002, the Board affirmed the rejection of the '019 application and on August 27, 2003, the Board denied applicant's request for reconsideration, thus terminating prosecution of the '019 application. An action on the merits follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There is no support for the limitations pertaining to the conductive elements being in electrical contact with one another (claim 7) and to the layers being fixed to adjacent layers along essentially a whole contact surface therebetween (claim 8).

Claims 8, 14 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 8, the meaning of the limitation pertaining to the layers being fixed to adjacent layers along essentially a whole contact surface therebetween is vague and indefinite. In claim 14, the meaning of a "rotating stator winding" is confusing and appears to be incorrect since the stator is always the stationary member of a motor/generator. In claim 32, the use of the rotating electrical machine in an electric power plant according to claim 1 is incomplete and cannot be determined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
4. Claims 1-5 and 7-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. j 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lauw (US 5,239,251) in view of Elton et al. (US 5,036,165). Lauw discloses a variable speed drive comprising a brushless doubly-fed motor 30 which operates in both synchronous and induction modes at infinitely variable speeds, a power electronic converter 40, a drive controller 48 and associated method for controlling the motor advantageously resulting in a variety of enhanced operational performance characteristics (c.10, lines 13-18). The AC variable speed drive controller is provided for controlling the AC variable speed drive driving a load. The speed drive controller comprises receiving means for receiving a power sensor signal produced by a power sensor which senses a parameter of the power received by the motor from the grid and produces the power sensor signal which corresponds to the sensed

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parameter (c.9, lines 21-26). The controller also includes reference means for establishing a reference signal according to a desired motor operation strategy (c.9, lines 26-29). Further, the controller includes processing means for processing the received power sensor signal and the reference signal and generating therefrom a controller signal (c.9, lines 29-31). The controller signal is received by the power electronic converter which produces the excitation power at an excitation frequency in response the controller signal so as to drive the load according to the desired motor operation strategy irrespective of variations in the load, by controlling the excitation power received by the second stator system of the motor. The brushless doubly-fed machine is comprised of a single-frame machine having a squirrel-cage rotor (Figs.7&8), a stator with stator windings comprising first and second polyphase stator systems. The first and second stator systems are either physically separate windings on the stator, or the first and second stator systems share common windings. With common stator windings shared between the first and second stator systems, different currents or voltages having different frequencies are applied to the terminals of each stator system. The variable speed drive also includes converter means for receiving and converting power from a converter power source in response to the received controller signal. The converter means is also provided for producing excitation power at an excitation frequency, and for injecting the excitation power from the converter means into the second stator system.

Lauw discloses the claimed invention except for having a winding for the electric rotating machine winding comprised of at least one semiconducting layer.

Elton '165 teaches having an electrical cable provided with an internal grading layer of semi-conducting pyrolyzed glass fiber layer in electrical contact with a cable conductor. In an

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alternate embodiment, Elton discloses an electrical cable (Fig. 7) provided with an exterior layer 110 and internal grading layer 104 of semi-conducting pyrolyzed glass fiber layer in contact with an exterior cable insulator 106 having a predetermined reference potential.

Furthermore, note that Elton teaches that it is known to provide a semiconducting layer in the insulation of a conductor and to connect that layer to a fixed potential in order to provide an equipotential surface on the conductor preventing corona discharge around the conductors (abstract).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the cable winding as taught by Elton to the rotating electric machine of Lauw since such a modification according to Elton would prohibit the development of corona discharge. Elton further teaches in column 2, lines 42-48 that having a semiconducting layer would bleed off any static electric discharge or electric discharge developed on the exterior surface of the insulation.

5. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lauw (US 5,239,251) in view of Elton '165 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of. Elton '116. Lauw and Elton '165 disclose the claimed invention except for a teaching that the semiconducting layers have the same coefficients of thermal expansion.

Elton '116 teaches that it is well known to form different overlapping insulations with the same coefficient of thermal expansion in order to prevent thermal stress to separate and crack the materials to cause failure of the insulation (see lines 38-44, col. 7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have formed the semiconducting layers and insulation of Lauw and Elton '165

such that the different layers of insulation had similar or the same coefficient of thermal expansion, as disclosed by Elton '116 in order to prevent failure caused by thermal aging and cycling.

Information Disclosure Statement

6. The information disclosure statements submitted on May 28, 2002 and October 18, 2002 have been being considered by the examiner.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Burton S. Mullins whose telephone number is 571-272-2029. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9 am to 5 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be reached on 571-272-2034. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).


BURTON S. MULLINS
PRIMARY EXAMINER